WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2018 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

House Bill 4400

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LANE, WALTERS, UPSON, FRICH, CAPITO AND SHOTT

[Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary;

February 13, 2018.]

A BILL to repeal §33-20F-6 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, and to amend and
reenact §33-20F-3, §33-20F-5, and §33-20F-9 of said code, all relating to the West
Virginia Physicians Mutual Insurance Company; removing language that is no longer
relevant to the operation of the company as a private mutual insurance company; and
adding language to accommodate policies written to physicians outside the State of West
Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

ARTICLE 20F. PHYSICIANS' MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

§33-20F-3. Definitions.

1 For purposes of this article, the term:

2 (a) "Board of medicine" means the West Virginia Board of Medicine as provided in §30-33 5 of this code.

4 (b) "Board of Osteopathy" means the West Virginia Board of Osteopathy as provided in
5 §30-14-3 of this code.

6 (c) "Commissioner" means the Insurance Commissioner of West Virginia as provided in
7 §33-2-1 of this code.

8 (d) "Company" means the Physicians' Mutual Insurance Company created pursuant to the9 terms of this article.

10 (e) "Medical liability insurance" means, for the purposes of this article: All policies 11 previously issued by the Board of Risk and Insurance Management pursuant to §29-12B-1 *et seq.* 12 of this code which are transferred by the Board of Risk and Insurance Management to the 13 company, pursuant to §33-20F-9(b) of this code and all policies of insurance subsequently issued 14 by the company to physicians, physician corporations, physician-operated clinics, and such other 15 individual health care providers as the commissioner may, upon written application of the 16 company, approve.

(f) "Physician" means an individual who is licensed by the Board of Medicine or the Board
of Osteopathy to practice medicine or podiatry in West Virginia, <u>or who is licensed by a licensing</u>
board or body in another state to practice medicine or podiatry.

(g) "Transfer date" means the date on which the assets, obligations, and liabilities resulting
from the Board of Risk and Insurance Management's issuance of medical liability policies to
physicians, physician corporations, and physician-operated clinics pursuant to §29-12B-1 *et seq.*of this code are transferred to the company.

§33-20F-5. Governance and organization.

(a) (1) The Board of Risk and Insurance Management shall implement the initial formation
 and organization of the company as provided by this article.

3 (2) From July 1, 2003, until June 30, 2004, the company shall be governed by a provisional
board of directors consisting of the members of the board of Risk and Insurance Management,
the Dean of the West Virginia University School of Medicine or a physician representative
designated by him or her and five physician directors elected by the policyholders whose policies
are to be transferred to the company pursuant to section nine of this article.

8 (3) Only physicians who are licensed to practice medicine in this state pursuant to §30-3-9 1 et seq. or §30-14-1 et seq. of this code and who have purchased medical professional liability 10 coverage from the board of Risk and Insurance Management are eligible to serve as physician 11 directors on the provisional board of directors. One of the physician directors shall be selected 12 from a list of three physicians nominated by the West Virginia Medical Association. The Board of 13 Risk and Insurance Management shall develop procedures for the nomination of the remaining 14 physician directors and for the conduct of the election, to be held no later than June 1, 2003, of 15 all of the physician directors, including, but not limited to, giving notice of the election to the 16 policyholders. These procedures shall be exempt from the provisions of article three, chapter 17 twenty-nine-a of this code.

(b) From July 1, 2004 The company shall be governed by a board of directors consisting
of 11 directors, as follows:

(1) Five Six directors who are physicians licensed to practice medicine in this state by the
Board of Medicine or the Board of Osteopathy, including at least one general practitioner and one
specialist: *Provided*, That only physicians who have purchased medical professional liability
coverage from the Board of Risk and Insurance Management are eligible to serve as physician
representatives on the company's first board of directors;

(2) Three directors who have substantial experience as an officer or employee of a
 company in the insurance industry;

(3) Two directors with general knowledge and experience in business management who
 are officers and employees of the company and are responsible for the daily management of the
 company; and

30 (4) One director who is a dean of a West Virginia school of medicine or osteopathy or his 31 or her designated physician representative. This director's position shall rotate annually among 32 the Dean of the West Virginia University School of Medicine, the Dean of the Marshall University 33 Joan C. Edwards School of Medicine, and the Dean of the West Virginia School of Osteopathic 34 Medicine. This director shall serve until such time as the moneys loaned to the company from the West Virginia Tobacco Settlement Medical Trust Fund have been replenished as provided in 35 36 §§33-20F-4(e), of this code. After the moneys have been replenished to the West Virginia 37 Tobacco Settlement Medical Trust Fund, this director shall be a physician licensed to practice 38 medicine in this state by the Board of Medicine or the Board of Osteopathy.

(c) In addition to the eleven directors required by subsection (b) of this section, the bylaws
 of the company may provide for the addition election of at least two additional directors. who
 represent an entity or institution which lends or otherwise provides funds to the company

42 (d) The directors and officers of the company are to be chosen in accordance with the43 articles of incorporation and bylaws of the company. The initial board of directors selected in

accordance with the provisions of subdivision (3), subsection (a) of this section shall serve for the
following terms: (1) Three for four-year terms; (2) three for three-year terms; (3) three for two-year
terms; and (4) two for one-year terms. Thereafter, the Directors shall serve staggered terms of
four years. If an additional director is added to the board as provided in subsection (c) of this
section, his or her initial term shall be for four years.

(e) The incorporators are to prepare and file articles of incorporation and bylaws in
 accordance with the provisions of this article and the provisions of this chapter and chapter thirty one of this code.

§33-20F-6. Management and administration of the company.

1 [Repealed]

§33-20F-9. Kinds of coverage authorized; transfer of policies from the state Board of Risk and Insurance Management; risk management practices authorized.

(a) Upon approval by the commissioner for a license to transact insurance in this state,
 the company may issue nonassessable policies of malpractice insurance, as defined in §33-1-10
 (e)(9) of this code, insuring a physician. Additionally, the company may issue other types of
 casualty or liability insurance as may be approved by the commissioner.

5 (b) On the transfer date:

6 (1) The company shall accept from the Board of Risk and Insurance Management the 7 transfer of any and all medical liability insurance obligations and risks of existing or in-force 8 contracts of insurance covering physicians, physician corporations, and physician-operated 9 clinics issued by the board pursuant to §29-12B-1 et seq. of this code: Provided, That the 10 company may decline or refuse to renew any and all such contracts of insurance transferred to 11 the company from the Board of Risk and Insurance Management upon the expiration of the 12 respective terms of each contract of insurance so transferred and nothing in this section is 13 intended to or shall be construed to otherwise obligate the company to accept, underwrite or 14 renew any contract of insurance whatsoever. The transfer shall not include medical liability

insurance obligations and risks of existing or in-force contracts of insurance covering hospitalsand nonphysician providers;

17 (2) The company shall assume all responsibility for and defend, indemnify, and hold 18 harmless the Board of Risk and Insurance Management and the state with respect to any and all 19 liabilities and duties arising from the assets and responsibilities transferred to the company 20 pursuant to §29-12B-1 *et seq.* of this code;

(3) The Board of Risk and Insurance Management shall disburse and pay to the company
any funds attributable to premiums paid for the insurance obligations transferred to the company
pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection, with earnings thereon, less paid losses and
expenses, and deposited in the Medical Liability Fund created by §29-12B-1 *et seq.* of this code
as reflected on the ledgers of the Board of Risk and Insurance Management;

(4) The Board of Risk and Insurance Management shall disburse and pay to the company
any funds in the Board of Risk and Insurance Management Physicians' Mutual Insurance
Company account created by §33-20F-7 of this code. All funds in this account shall be transferred
pursuant to terms of a surplus note or other loan arrangement satisfactory to the Board of Risk
and Insurance Management and the Insurance Commissioner.

(c) The Board of Risk and Insurance Management shall cause an independent actuarial 31 32 study to be performed to determine the amount of all paid losses, expenses and assets associated 33 with the policies the board has in force pursuant to §29-12B-1 et seq. of this code. The actuarial 34 study shall determine the paid losses, expenses and assets associated with the policies to be 35 transferred to the company pursuant to subsection (b) of this section and the paid losses, 36 expenses and assets associated with those policies retained by the board. The determination 37 shall not include liabilities created by issuance of new tail insurance policies for nonphysician 38 providers authorized by §29-12B-6 (n) of this code.

39 (d) The Board of Risk and Insurance Management may enter into such agreements,
40 including loan agreements, with the company that are necessary to accomplish the transfers
41 addressed in this section.

42 (e) The company shall make policies of insurance available to physicians in this state,
43 regardless of practice type or specialty. Policies issued by the company to each class of
44 physicians are to be essentially uniform in terms and conditions of coverage.

45 (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b), (c) or (e) of this section, the company46 may:

47 (1) Establish reasonable classifications of physicians, insured activities, and exposures
48 based on a good faith determination of relative exposures and hazards among classifications;

49 (2) Vary the limits, coverages, exclusions, conditions, and loss-sharing provisions among50 classifications;

51 (3) Establish, for an individual physician within a classification, reasonable variations in 52 the terms of coverage, including rates, deductibles, and loss-sharing provisions, based on 53 underwriting criteria established by the company, from time to time, which underwriting criteria 54 may take into account factors considered by other medical malpractice insurance companies, 55 from time to time, in underwriting similar risks and which factors may include, but are not limited 56 to, the insured's prior loss experience; current professional training and capability; disciplinary 57 action taken against the physician by the Board of Medicine, or Board of Osteopathy or a licensing 58 board or body of another state in which the physician has been licensed; felonies or other criminal 59 offenses committed by the physician; evidence of alcohol or chemical dependency or abuse; 60 evidence of sexual misconduct; and any other factors relevant to the liability risk profile of the 61 physician.

62 (4) Refuse to provide insurance coverage for individual physicians who do not meet
63 underwriting criteria established by the company, from time to time, which underwriting criteria
64 may take into account factors considered by other medical malpractice insurance companies,

65 from time to time, in underwriting or declining to underwrite similar risks and which factors may 66 include, but are not limited to, prior loss experience, current professional training and capability, 67 disciplinary action taken against the physician by the Board of Medicine, or Board of Osteopathy 68 or a licensing board or body of another state in which the physician has been licensed; felonies or other criminal offenses committed by the physician; evidence of alcohol or chemical 69 70 dependency or abuse; evidence of sexual misconduct; and any other factors relevant to the 71 liability risk profile of the physician and which do or may indicate that the physician represents an 72 unacceptable risk of loss if coverage is provided.

(g) The company shall establish reasonable risk management and continuing education
 requirements which policyholders must meet in order to be and remain eligible for coverage.